

## Computer Algebra

Winter Semester 2013 - Problem Set 2

Due November 12, 2013, 12:00

**Problem 1:** Let  $>$  be an ordering on  $\text{Mon}(x_1, \dots, x_n)$  and  $\mathfrak{p} \trianglelefteq K[x_1, \dots, x_n]$  a prime ideal such that  $K[x_1, \dots, x_n]_{>} = K[x_1, \dots, x_n]_{\mathfrak{p}}$ . Prove that  $\mathfrak{p}$  is a monomial ideal, i.e. that it can be generated by monomials.

**Problem 2:** For a polynomial  $f = \sum_{\alpha \in \mathbb{N}^n} c_{\alpha} \cdot x_1^{\alpha_1} \dots x_n^{\alpha_n} \in K[x_1, \dots, x_n]$  and for an ideal  $\mathfrak{a} \trianglelefteq K[x_1, \dots, x_n]$  let

$$f^h := \sum_{\alpha \in \mathbb{N}^n} c_{\alpha} \cdot x_0^{\deg(f) - |\alpha|} x_1^{\alpha_1} \dots x_n^{\alpha_n} \in K[x_0, \dots, x_n],$$

$$\mathfrak{a}^h := \langle f^h \mid f \in I \rangle \trianglelefteq K[x_0, \dots, x_n].$$

Now let  $>$  be a global degree ordering, and let  $\{g_1, \dots, g_k\}$  be a Gröbner basis of  $\mathfrak{a}$ . Prove that  $\mathfrak{a}^h = \langle g_1^h, \dots, g_k^h \rangle$ .

**Problem 3:** For an ordering  $>$  on  $\text{Mon}(x_1, \dots, x_n)$  defined by a matrix  $A \in \text{GL}(n, \mathbb{Q})$  let  $>_h$  be the ordering on  $\text{Mon}(x_0, \dots, x_n)$  defined by the matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & \dots & 1 \\ 0 & & & \\ \vdots & A & & \\ 0 & & & \end{pmatrix}.$$

Let  $\mathfrak{a} \trianglelefteq K[x_1, \dots, x_n]$  be an ideal and let  $\{G_1, \dots, G_k\}$  a homogeneous (i.e. each  $G_i$  only has terms of a fixed degree) standard basis of  $\mathfrak{a}^h \trianglelefteq K[x_0, \dots, x_n]$  with respect to  $>_h$ . Prove that  $\{G_1|_{x_0=1}, \dots, G_k|_{x_0=1}\}$  is a standard basis for  $\mathfrak{a}$  with respect to  $>$ .

**Problem 4:** Write a SINGULAR procedure that, having as input a polynomial  $f \in K[x]$ ,  $K$  field, and an integer  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ , returns the power series expansion of the inverse of  $f$  up to terms of degree  $n$  if  $f$  is a unit in  $K[x]_{>}$  and 0 if  $f$  is not a unit.